Field Safety Guide





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The University Laboratory and Field Safety Committee coordinates and monitors laboratory and field safety functions and guidelines associated with research and teaching laboratories. In fulfilling these responsibilities the Committee developed the <u>Field Safety Guide</u>. This guide provides safety guidelines for all individuals participating in field activities including but not limited to area managers, instructors, teaching assistants, course coordinators, staff, volunteers, and students.

Introduction

Field work is defined as research and educational activities taking place outside of the traditional classroom or lab setting. Conducting field work is an exciting and important component of USF's teaching and research programs, but precautions must be taken to ensure a safe and productive experience. Special risks related to travel, being outside, and interactions with strangers are inherent to field work. This manual provides useful information regarding health and safety issues that may arise in the field and how they should be dealt with while physically away from the USF campus support system.

Planning for work in the field should include local emergency contact information, appropriate communication equipment (radio, cell, or satellite phone), personal protective equipment, first aid supplies, and boat/vehicle emergency kits. Appropriate training, standard operating procedures, insurance, permitting, and vaccinations should be obtained. A Field Research Plan containing the names and emergency contact information of all participants must be supplied to a person outside of the field team who will communicate with the team and be responsible for acting on their behalf should an emergency arise. Please report all incidents to EH&S.

This document is meant to be a general guide to assist faculty, staff, students, and volunteers in the planning of field work. It is not intended to be all-inclusive, and individuals are encouraged to further investigate the specific hazards associated with their research. Please refer to the back of this manual for important resources, references and checklists to use in planning field work.

Before You Go

Prepare USF Field Research Plan
 The USF Field Research Plan
 (Appendix A) summarizes important information about the field work.
 This includes team leader designation, itinerary, emergency, and local contact information, a check-in schedule, and a description



File a Plan

- Itinerary
- Emergency Contacts
- Hazard Assessment

Safety Provisions

- First aid kits and training
- Vehicle emergency kits
- Emergency communication





Permits/Training

- •RIC
- •EH&S
- •FFWCC

of the field work and anticipated hazards associated with it. This form must be completed and supplied to all team members and the Principal Investigator. In addition the plan must be submitted to the Department Chair or their designee. Someone outside the field team should be selected to be responsible for monitoring the check-ins and responding appropriately should communications fail. Scientific Divers should file a float plan with the Scientific Diving Office. Boaters should also file a Float Plan with the responsible departmental party. (Appendix B)

Assemble Safety Provisions

Depending on the type of work being done, these may include steel-toed or snake-proof boots, hard hats and gloves, vehicle emergency kits, sunscreen, sunglasses, water, insect repellant, flashlights, and batteries. All field work provisions should include a first aid kit containing appropriate medicines such as allergy or seasickness tablets. Consider any special medical needs of team members. All field work should be conducted with at least two people. Appropriate thought should be given to the type of communication equipment (cell phone, radio, satellite phone) that will be most reliable where the field work is to be conducted.

Obtain training

The team leader should have up to date CPR and First Aid certification or make sure that someone on the team does. For Scientific Diving, the USF Diving Safety Office requires Scientific Diving Certification. Individuals required to operate a small boat for research must also complete vessel training with the Boating Safety Office. EH&S has a safety training assessment tool for more information about USF

required training (http://www.usf.edu/administrative-services/environmental-health-safety/training/index.aspx).

- Obtain or write standard operating procedures for specific field activities
 These protocols describe the work being done, the equipment needed, and safety precautions.
- Verify insurance coverage is adequate

The State of Florida provides basic insurance coverage for University-owned buildings and building contents for specific causes of loss, as well as liability coverage for USF faculty, staff, and official volunteers for their actions within the course and scope of their jobs. However, the University does not automatically extend coverage for scientific equipment, electronics, or other property brought into the field, including vehicles. Therefore, equipment that is damaged in the course of field work will likely not be covered by insurance. For more information regarding insurance coverage options for scientific or other equipment, or for other questions regarding insurance or liability, please contact the USF Division of Environmental Health and Safety at 813-974-4036.

Please note that students are not covered by USF general or automobile liability insurance. Students must make sure that they have adequate coverage, especially if they will be travelling out of the country and/or operating a vehicle, whether owned by USF or non-owned, and whether here or abroad.

Diving accident insurance is offered by Divers Alert Network (DAN). See www.diversalertnetwork.org

- Obtain permits as needed, including USF approvals and local permits.
 - USF Student Travel Release Form
 - USF Research Integrity and Compliance (RIC)
 - The Institutional Animal Care and Use Committee (IACUC) must approve use of vertebrate animals in experiments.
 - The Institutional Biosafety Committee (IBC) must approve any work involving recombinant DNA (rDNA), infectious agents, select agents, and/or biological toxins.
 - The Institutional Review Board (IRB) must approve studies involving the participation of human beings.
 - The Diving Safety Office oversees scientific diving for all disciplines on all campuses as well as the FIO ships and FIO Keys Marine Lab.
 - The Boating Safety Program oversees the operation of small vessels used for research,
 regardless of ownership. Operators must take a required USF Boating Safety Course.
 - The Radiation Safety Office must approve of research activities using radioactive materials, X-rays, or lasers.

- The Florida Fish and Wildlife Conservation Commission requires permits to do research involving wildlife.
- Department of Transportation (DOT)
 - The transportation of hazardous materials by road in the United States is regulated under this federal agency. DOT regulations do not apply to transportation of hazardous materials in personal vehicles, but this practice is not recommended. Insurance companies may not cover claims involving the transportation of hazardous materials.
- Obtain or verify vaccinations as required

Tetanus immunizations should be current. The USF Student Health Services offers travel counseling. The Centers for Disease Control and Prevention website provides detailed information regarding travel

vaccinations and County
Health Departments have
Immunization Clinics.

Vehicle and Boat

- Inspection
- Operation
- Safety Gear

Hazard Information

Vehicle and Boat Safety
 Inspect vehicle to see if it is in safe operating condition and pack appropriate emergency supplies
 (Appendix C). Become familiar with the vehicle/vessel's operation

Biological Hazards

- Plants
- Animals
- •Communicable Diseases





Physical Hazards

- Heat and Cold Stress
- •Sun Exposure
- Lightening and Tornadoes

Personal Safety

- •Risky Behavior
- Travel
- •Crime



and local laws. Be alert to hazards such as fatigue, animals, logs, rocks, and barbed wire. Do not drive a vehicle into water of unknown depth. Anyone operating a boat under the auspices of USF is required to complete a Boating Safety Course. Contact Research Integrity and Compliance/Boating Safety for more information.

2. Biological Hazards

Common biological hazards include insects, snakes, bears, alligators, poison ivy, oak, or sumac, red tide, jellies, and sharks. Become familiar with the types of wildlife that may be encountered and learn how to avoid attacks and treat stings and bites. Wear protective clothing. Shake clothing and bedding before

use and don't set up near nests or burrows. Wildlife may transmit diseases like rabies, Lyme disease, tetanus, West Nile virus, and St. Louis encephalitis. Microorganisms in water cause giardiasis and other ailments. Carry drinking water, use purification tablets, or bring water to a rolling boiling for at least one minute before consuming.

3. Physical Hazards

Check the weather forecast. Be mindful of the danger of sun exposure by using sunscreen and protective clothing and working in the morning and evening. Excessive heat can bring about heat exhaustion and heat stroke. Drink plenty of cool liquids and avoid strenuous activity during hot weather. Take shelter inside a building or vehicle during a thunderstorm. If caught away from shelter, get away from tall objects and crouch on the ground to make yourself as small as possible. Lightning may start wildfires. Find out if the field work area is prone to flooding. It is not safe to be on the water in a thunderstorm. Return to shore if possible. If not, shelter in the cabin or keep low in an open boat.

4. Personal Safety

Research can place workers in vulnerable situations. They may face the risk of violence from strangers or psychological stress from the working environment. Complete a risk assessment identifying risks associated with travel, location, and study subjects, and consider controls, such as training and emergency communication, for each risk. Work with a partner, do not give out personal information, and consider scheduling interviews in a neutral location. When travelling abroad, dress and act in alignment with local laws and customs. Visit www.travel.state.gov for more information and to sign up for STEP, a free traveler alert program. USF Education Abroad provides risk and safety resources for international work.

Resources

Name	Telephone Number	Web Site
Bureau of Consular	Emergency:	http://studentsabroad.state.gov/
Affairs (for international	Within U.S. 888-407-	http://www.travel.state.gov
travelers)	4747	
	Outside U.S. 202-501-	
Cantana fan Diagon	4444	http://www.andanan/kanan/dantinatinatinan/list.htm
Centers for Disease Control and Prevention	800-CDC-INFO (232-	http://wwwnc.cdc.gov/travel/destinations/list.htm
	4636)	h-t//
Environmental Health	813-974-4036	http://www.usf.edu/eh&s
and Safety (EH&S)		
Fire SafetyHazardous Waste		
Lab and Chemical		
Safety		
Risk Management		
Florida Fish and Wildlife	850-488-4676	http://www.myfwc.com
Conservation	030 400 4070	necp.// www.myrwe.com
Commission		
Hillsborough County	813-307-8077	http://www.hillscountyhealth.org/new_website/tr
Health Department		avel.htm
Incident Reporting		http://www.usf.edu/administrative-
		services/environmental-health-
		safety/reporting/index.aspx
Research Integrity and	813-974-5638	http://www.research.usf.edu/dric/
Compliance (RIC)		
 Human, animal, 		
microbe research		
 Radiation Safety 		
 Boating Safety 		
Scientific Diving		
Student Health Services	813-974-2331	http://www.shs.usf.edu/
Student Travel Release		http://generalcounsel.usf.edu/client-
Form		resources/pdfs/student-travel-release-form.pdf
United States Coast		http://www.uscgboating.org
Guard	042 074 4244	http://educational.gov/ of the
USF Education Abroad	813- 974-4314	http://educationabroad.global.usf.edu/
Workers' Compensation	800-455-2079	http://www.usf.edu/administrative-
(AmeriSys)		services/environmental-health-safety/programs-
		services/risk-management/workers-comp.aspx

References

Field Work Safety Reminders July 2012

http://ib.berkeley.edu/courses/bio1b/field/pdf/FieldWorkSafetyReminders.pdf

Report of the Workshop to Promote Safety in Field Sciences

https://zenodo.org/record/5604956#.YZgStE7MKUI

United States Coast Guard Boater's Guide to the Federal Requirements for Recreational Boats and Safety Tips https://www.uscgboating.org/images/420.PDF

University of South Florida Chemical Hygiene Plan

http://www.usf.edu/administrative-services/environmental-health-safety/documents/chemical-hygiene-plan.pdf

Williams Terry, Dunlap Eloise, Johnson Bruce D, Hamid Ansley. Personal safety in dangerous places. *Journal of Contemporary Ethnography*. 1992;21(3):343–374.

http://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pmc/articles/PMC2757080/

Appendix A: USF Field Research Plan

Principal Investigator:	Fi	ield Team Lea	der:
Department:	D	epartment:	
Phone Number:	P	hone Number	:
Email:	E	mail:	
Travel Schedule (dates, times of de	parture and return)		
Location (address and telephone)			
University Contact (monitors check	-ins) C	heck-In Sched	ule
Name:		☐Twice a day	
		□Daily	
Telephone:		□Other:	
Field Work Summary (list equipment	nt, vehicles, chemica	als and potenti	ial hazards)
First Aid Trained Team Members:			,
Field Team Member Contact Inform		ier sheet if ned	
Name	Phone Number		Emergency Contact Number

Appendix B: Float Plan

All boat operators must complete a USF Boating Safety Course (813-974-5638). Complete the form below and leave it with the University Contact. Dial 1-888-404-3922 or #FWC in case of emergency. Download the US Coast Guard PDF Fillable Form at http://www.floatplancentral.org/download/USCGFloatPlan.pdf
Below is not the actual Float Plan from the link above. The link above is a more thorough float plan.

Radio(s) YES NO			
Frequency:		Call Sign:	
VESSEL AND VEHICLE REGISTRATION	DN		
Vessel Registration Document		Name of Vesse	el
Make	Model		Length
Vehicle Make	Vehicle Model		Tag Number
TRIP EXPECTATIONS			
Leaving From			Date & Time
Boat Ramp			Latitude & Longitude
Destination			
Returning to			Date & Time
PERSONS ON BOARD			
Person Filing this Plan	Phone Number		Emergency Contact Number
FIELD TEAM MEMBERS CONTACT INFORMATION			
Name	Phone Number		Emergency Contact Number

Appendix C: Vehicle Checklist

VISIBILITY
Lights (headlights, tail lights, brake lights, turn signal lights, hazard lights) Windshield (Cracks, wipers)
Mirrors (Side and rearview)
Window defroster
Horn
MECHANICAL
Fluid levels (brake, steering, oil, water, windshield)
Fuel
Brakes (also parking brake)
Seatbelts
Running boards, steps
Tire air pressure
Review maintenance records
EMERGENCY
Spare tire, jack and lug wrench
Air compressor
Foam tire sealant, tire repair kit
Cell phone
First aid kit
Fire extinguisher (charged and inspected)
Warning light, hazard triangle, flares
Jumper cables or jumper battery pack
Flashlight
Roadside-assistance number
Pen and paper
Water and nonperishable food
Sleeping bags/blanket
Basic tools (socket set, pliers, screwdrivers)
Shovel and axe
MISCELLANEOUS
Money for tolls

Appendix D: Boat Checklist

All boat operators must complete a USF Boating Safety Course (813-974-5638). **ITEMS IN BOLD ARE REQUIRED BY THE USCG**. The United States Coast Guard website lists size-specific required safety equipment for recreational vessels up to 65 ft. (http://forms.cgaux.org/archive/a7012.pdf)

CON	MMUNICATION
	Vessel lighting (in limited visibility or between sunset and sunrise)
	Trailer lights
	VHF marine radio (batteries) and cell phone
	Float plan filed
	Marine forecast checked
ME	CHANICAL
	Batterv
	Fuel
	Fluid levels
	Water, bilge pumps
	Power trim
	Trailer tire pressure
	Anchor, line, and rigging
	Review maintenance record
EMI	ERGENCY
	Personal Flotation Devices (PFDs) one per person, Type I, II, or III, USCG
	approved
	Fire extinguisher (inspected and charged)
	Visual AND Sound-producing distress signal (emergency flares/horns)
	First aid kit (sunscreen)
	Charts
	Compass
	Binoculars
	Water, nonperishable food
	Bucket, bailer or bilge pump
	Boat hook, paddle, oar, push pole (extras)
	Foul weather gear, dry clothes
	Tools (knife, pliers, screwdrivers)
	Flashlight/searchlight
	Signal mirror
	Spare parts (fuses bases spark plugs tire for trailer)
\perp	Spare parts (fuses, hoses, spark plugs, tire for trailer)

NOTES

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NOTES

Laboratory Safety Training

Hazardous Waste Refresher

Biomedical Waste Refresher

Hazardous Communication

Personal Protective Equipment

Slips, Trips, and Falls

Hearing Conservation

Golf Cart Training

Asbestos Awareness Training

Fire Prevention Safety Training



Environmental Health & Safety

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